### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

- REGULATOR 003 AND CSO 003
- TRUMAN CSO STORAGE TANK
- REGULATOR 024 AND CSO 024
- BOULEVARD PUMP STATION
- REGULATOR 021 AND CSO 021
- EAST STREET PUMP STATION
- MORRIS COVE PUMP STATION
- REGULATOR 012 AND CSO 012 MITCHELL DRIVE

#### **REG 003 AND CSO 003**

#### METERS 0F-003 SEWER AND OVERFLOW

- Meter OF-003 Sewer was installed in the 64 inch high by 72 inch wide sewer downstream of REG 003 on 6/5/12 at an invert elevation of 2.39 (overflow depth is 46 inches)
- Meter OF-003 Overflow was installed in the 54 inch overflow pipe on 6/5/12 at an invert elevation of 2.75
- The regulator consists of an 5 foot long transverse weir
- The weir was damaged during an intense rain event and replaced in August 2012
- The damage was discovered via the flow metering program
- CSO start and stop times are based on a depth greater than 46 inches at Meter OF-003 Sewer and positive velocities at Meter OF-003 Overflow
- CSO volumes are calculated based on depths and velocities at Meter OF-003 Overflow, the hydraulic elements chart and the Continuity Equation
- CSO 003 discharges to the West River at the Orange Avenue bridge abutment

#### CSO 003 FLOW MONITORING DATA

- There have been 47 CSO events between June 2012 and September 2013
- The total CSO volume is 27.6 MG
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 003 will activate approximately 35 times
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 003 will discharge approximately 22 MG

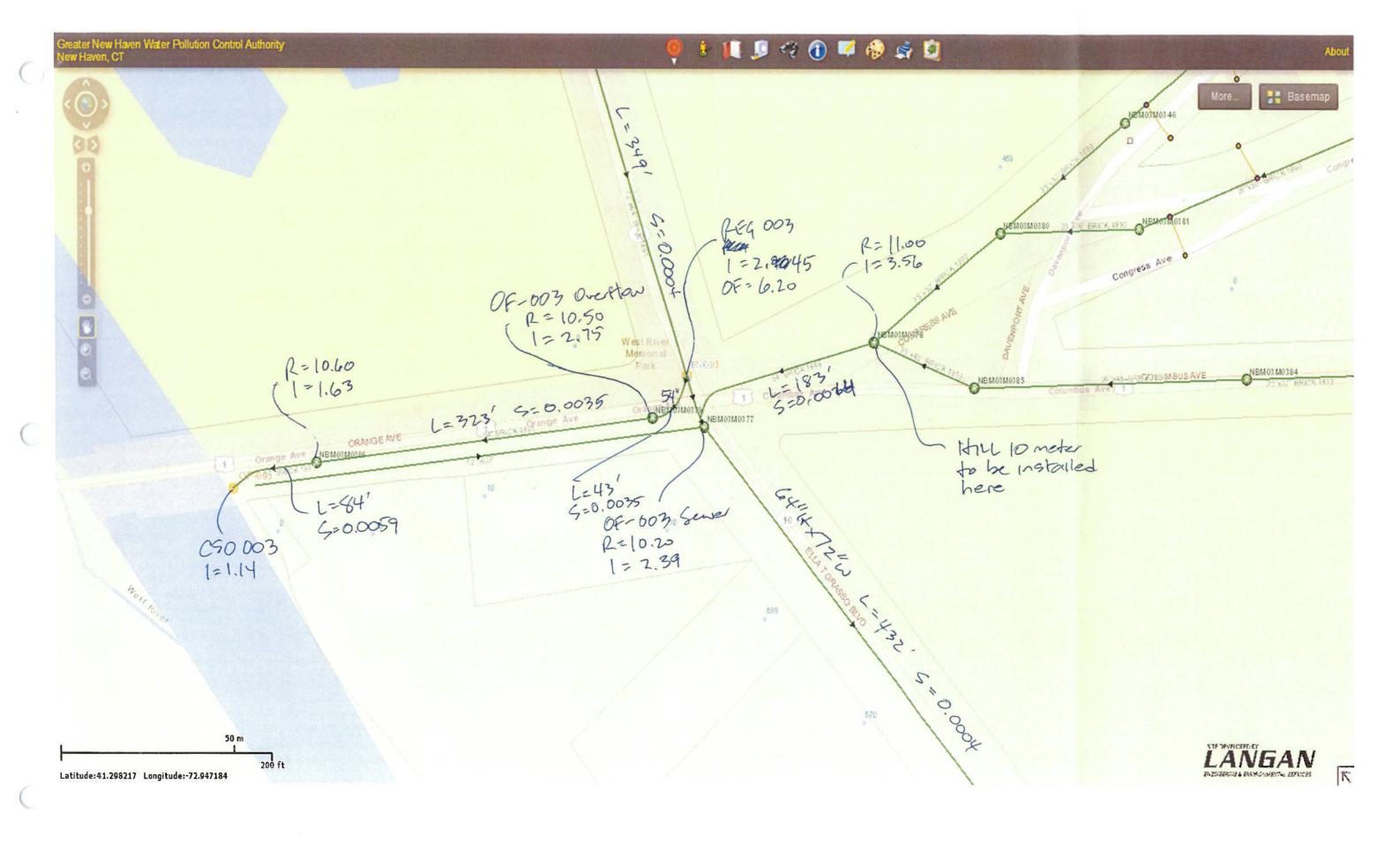
### STUDY TO REDUCE CSOs TO THE WEST RIVER APPROVED

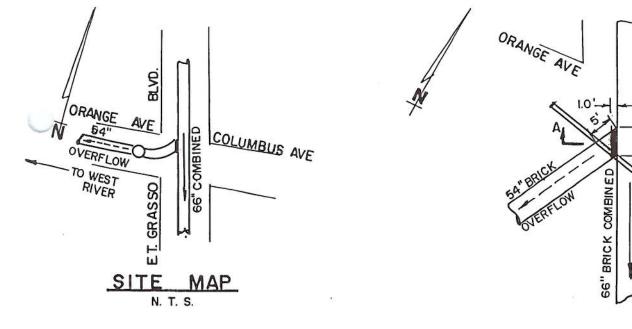
Based on flow metering data from the Authority's ongoing combined sewer overflow (CSO) Flow Monitoring Program, the GNHWPCA engineering department identified some potential improvements to the sewer system that will reduce CSOs to the West River during rain events. In November 2013, the GNHWPCA Board and the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection approved hiring the engineering firm CH2M Hill to conduct the study. The engineering report will develop a Recommended Plan to:

- Reduce CSOs to the West River by modifying or constructing new regulators
- Maximize use of the existing 5 million gallon Truman CSO storage tank
- Maximize pumping from the Boulevard pump station

- Maximize conveyance and storage in the Boulevard trunk sewer
- Increase CSOs to New Haven Harbor (if necessary)
- Evaluate green infrastructure alternatives within the Boulevard trunk sewer tributary areas

The six month study is expected to start in December 2013. A meeting will be scheduled in the spring of 2014 to present the draft Recommended Plan and implementation schedule to the public and obtain comments that will be incorporated into the final plan.





NOTE: 80° F / DRY (70) 2:00 PM FLOW DEPTH 3'FT IN 66"

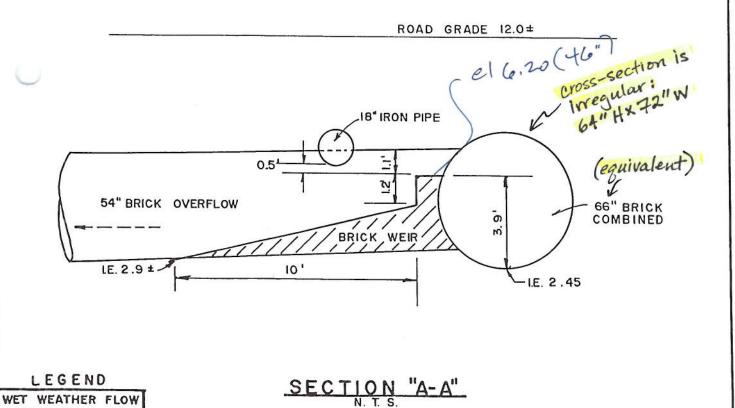
DRY WEATHER FLOW

PLAN N. T. S.

BLVD

E.T. GRASSO

18" IRON PIPE



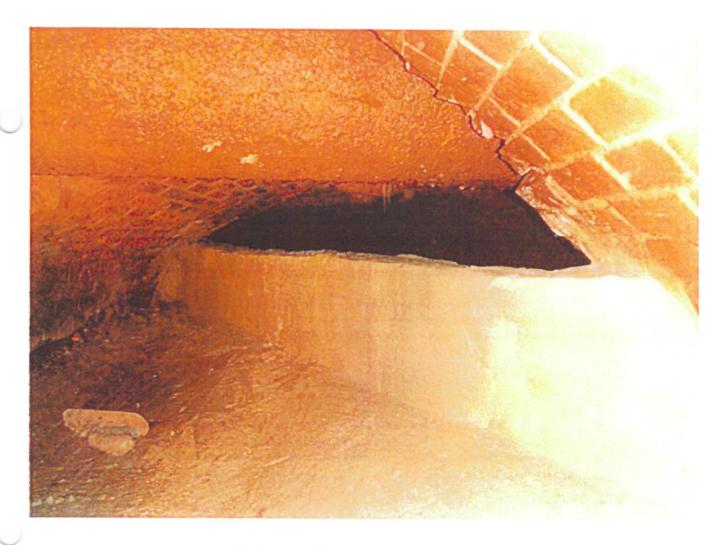
OVERFLOW NO, OB4/003 E.T. GRASSO BLVDO ORANGE AVE NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

DATE: 7-30-97

JOB NO. 1146 SHT. NO. 21







8-16-2012 GSO-03
REPLACEMENT OF OVERFLOW WEIR
VIEW LOOKING AT WEIR FROM OVERFLOW PIPE,

#### TRUMAN CSO STORAGE TANK

- The Truman CSO storage tank was constructed in 2006
- The tank consists of two cells each with a volume of 2.5 MG
- During a storm event the bending weir will allow flow to enter cell #1
- Once cell #1 is full, a flap valve will open allowing flow to enter cell #2
- After the rain event when flows at the Boulevard Pump Station and the ESWPAF have dropped to dry weather flow conditions, a 3500 GPM submersible pump will empty each cell by pumping flow back to the Boulevard Trunk Sewer
- Each cell is then cleaned via six tipping buckets to prepare the tank for the next rain event

#### METER GNH1 SEWER AT TRUMAN TANK

- Meter GNH1 Sewer was installed in the 64 inch high by 72 inch wide sewer downstream of the Truman Tank Diversion Chamber on 6/12/12 at an invert elevation of 1.29 (there is 14 inches of hard packed sediment in the Diversion Chamber) (overflow depth is 36 inches)
- The regulator is a 10 foot bending weir
- The SCADA system measures depths in each cell of the 5 MG tank
- Truman Tank activation start and stop times are based on a depth greater than 36 inches at Meter GNH1 Sewer and SCADA depths in the Truman Tank
- CSO volumes are calculated based on SCADA depths in the Truman Tank

#### **GNH1 SEWER FLOW MONITORING DATA**

- The Truman tank is effective a capturing CSO flows during rain events
- During several large rain events between June 2012 and September 2013 the Truman tank filled to its capacity of 5 MG
- Each cell was cleaned and the submersible pump was replaced in 2013

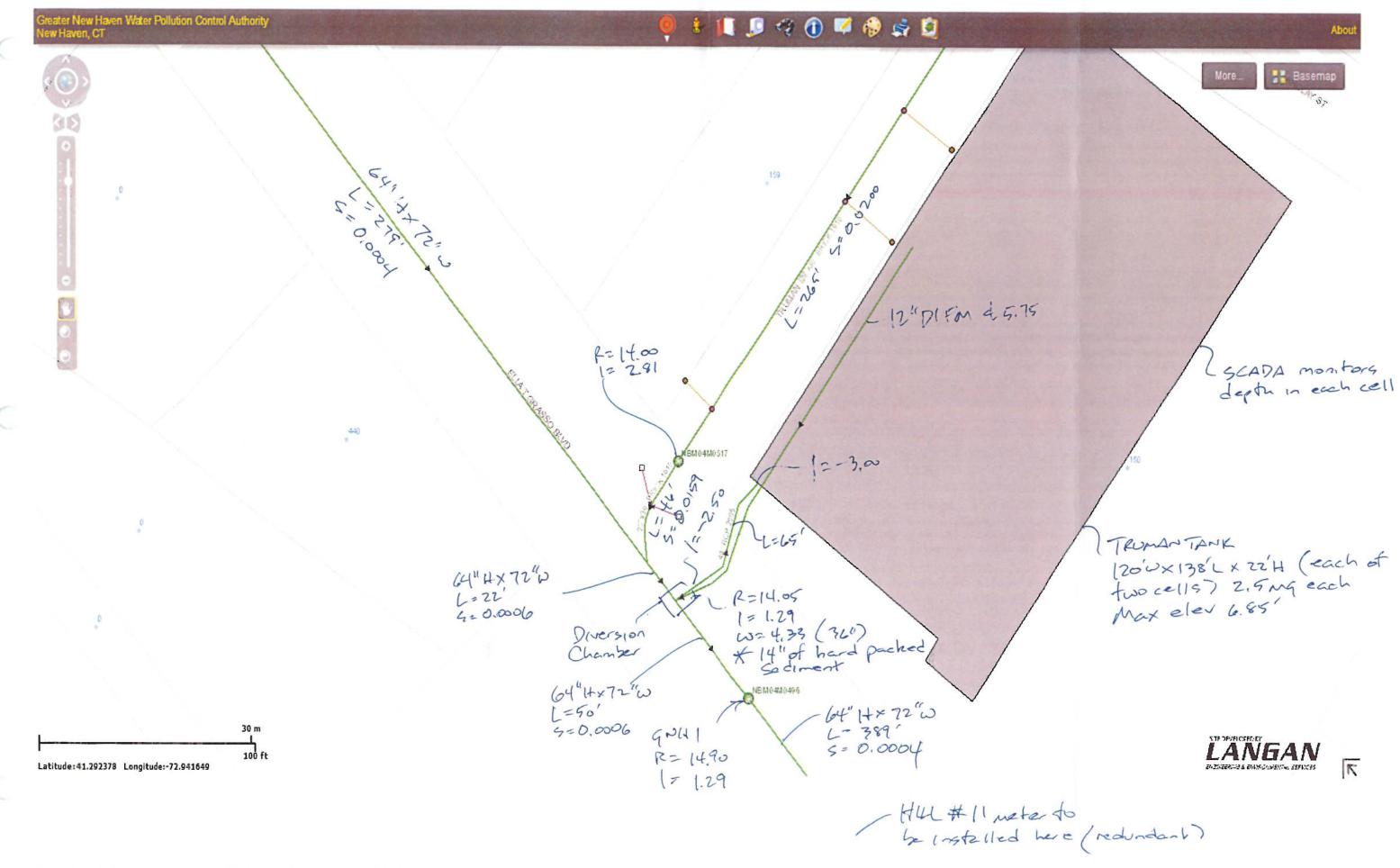
#### STUDY TO REDUCE CSOs TO THE WEST RIVER APPROVED

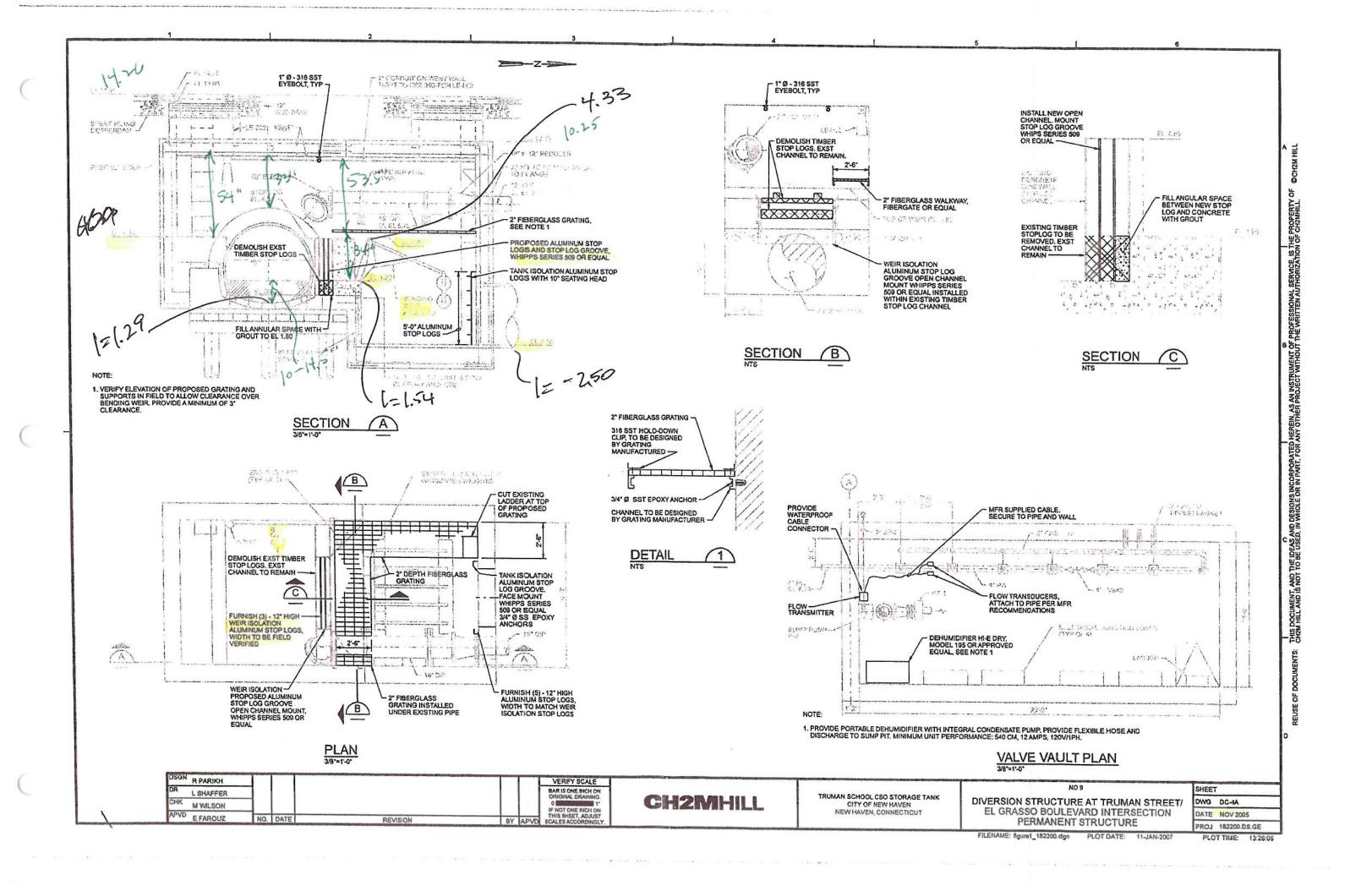
Based on flow metering data from the Authority's ongoing combined sewer overflow (CSO) Flow Monitoring Program, the GNHWPCA engineering department identified some potential improvements to the sewer system that will reduce CSOs to the West River during rain events. In November 2013, the GNHWPCA Board and the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection approved

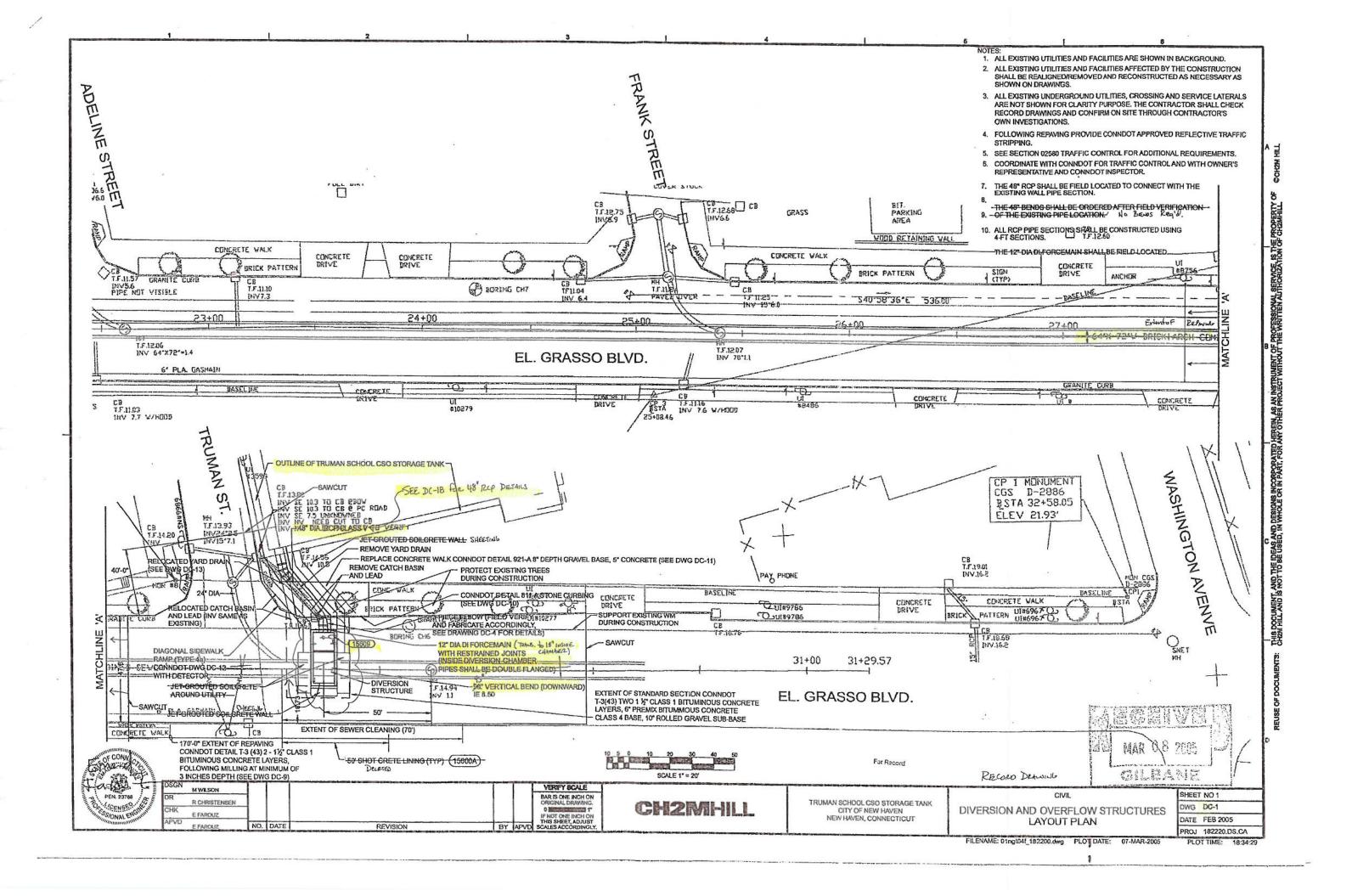
hiring the engineering firm CH2M Hill to conduct the study. The engineering report will develop a Recommended Plan to:

- Reduce CSOs to the West River by modifying or constructing new regulators
- Maximize use of the existing 5 million gallon Truman CSO storage tank
- Maximize pumping from the Boulevard pump station
- Maximize conveyance and storage in the Boulevard trunk sewer
- Increase CSOs to New Haven Harbor (if necessary)
- Evaluate green infrastructure alternatives within the Boulevard trunk sewer tributary areas

The six month study is expected to start in December 2013. A meeting will be scheduled in the spring of 2014 to present the draft Recommended Plan and implementation schedule to the public and obtain comments that will be incorporated into the final plan.







#### **REG 024 AND CSO 024**

#### METERS 0F-024 US and DS SEWER AND REG 024 WEIR

- Meter OF-024 US Sewer was installed in the 69 inch high by 84 inch wide sewer upstream of REG 024 on 7/30/12 at an invert elevation of -1.17 (overflow depth is 65 inches)
- Meter OF-024 DS Sewer was installed in the 48 inch sewer downstream of REG 024 on 7/30/12 at an invert elevation of -2.72 (overflow depth is 81 inches)
- Meter 024 Weir was installed to measure weir depth at REG 024 on 10/31/12 at the weir elevation of 4.40
- The regulator consists of three weirs each 4.5 feet wide
- CSO start and stop times are based on depths greater than 65 inches at Meter OF-024 US Sewer, depths greater than 81 inches at Meter OF-024 DS Sewer (verified by the Meter 024 Weir depths)
- CSO volumes are calculated by subtracting the Meter 024 DS Sewer flows from the Meter 024 US Sewer flows
- CSO 024 discharges to New Haven Harbor
- Two new tide gate were installed downstream of REG 024 in 2010

#### CSO 024 FLOW MONITORING DATA

- There have been 14 CSO events between June 2012 and September 2013
- The total CSO volume is 19.1 MG
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 024 will activate approximately 12 times
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 003 will discharge approximately 17 MG

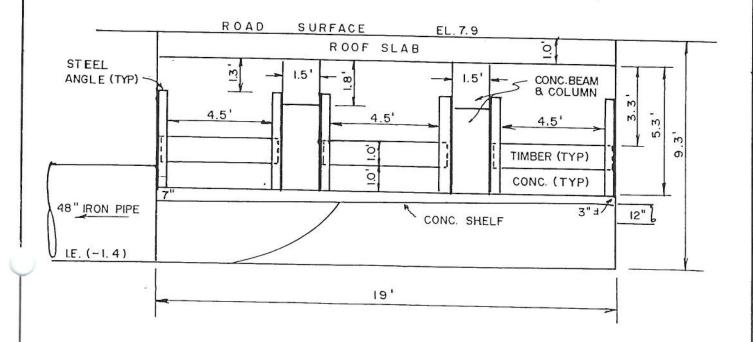
#### STUDY TO REDUCE CSOs TO THE WEST RIVER APPROVED

Based on flow metering data from the Authority's ongoing combined sewer overflow (CSO) Flow Monitoring Program, the GNHWPCA engineering department identified some potential improvements to the sewer system that will reduce CSOs to the West River during rain events. In November 2013, the GNHWPCA Board and the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection approved hiring the engineering firm CH2M Hill to conduct the study. The engineering report will develop a Recommended Plan to:

Reduce CSOs to the West River by modifying or constructing new regulators

- Maximize use of the existing 5 million gallon Truman CSO storage tank
- Maximize pumping from the Boulevard pump station
- Maximize conveyance and storage in the Boulevard trunk sewer
- Increase CSOs to New Haven Harbor (if necessary)
- Evaluate green infrastructure alternatives within the Boulevard trunk sewer tributary areas

The six month study is expected to start in December 2013. A meeting will be scheduled in the spring of 2014 to present the draft Recommended Plan and implementation schedule to the public and obtain comments that will be incorporated into the final plan.



### SECTION A-A

N. T. S.

NOTE: 85°F/CLDY (10:00AM FLOW DEPTH 1.1 FT. IN 48 \*

FLAP VALVES NOT PROPERLY SEATED. SEA WATER FLOWING INTO CHAMBER BETWEEN TIMBER & CONC. AT WEIR.

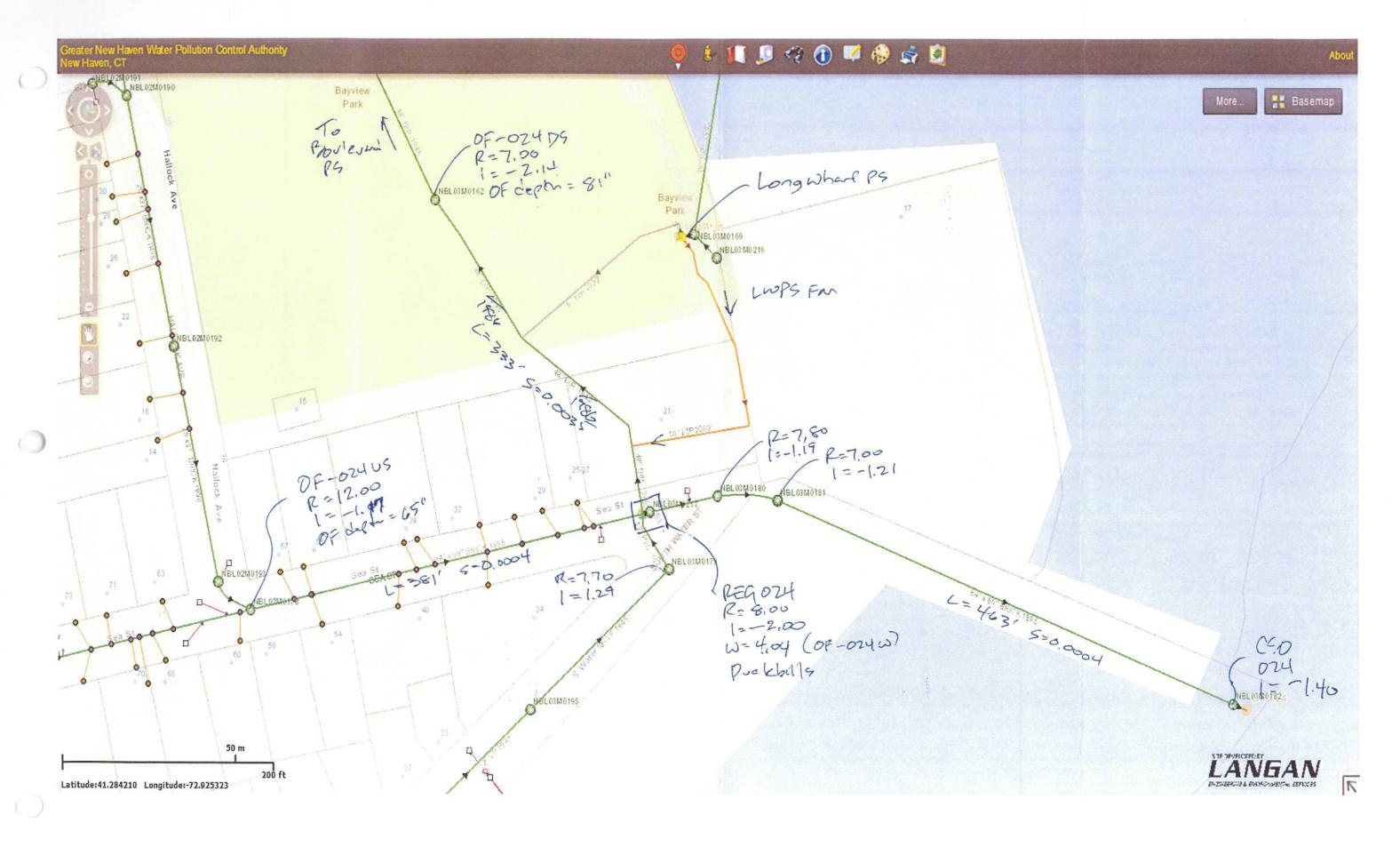
LEGEND
WET WEATHER FLOW
DRY WEATHER FLOW

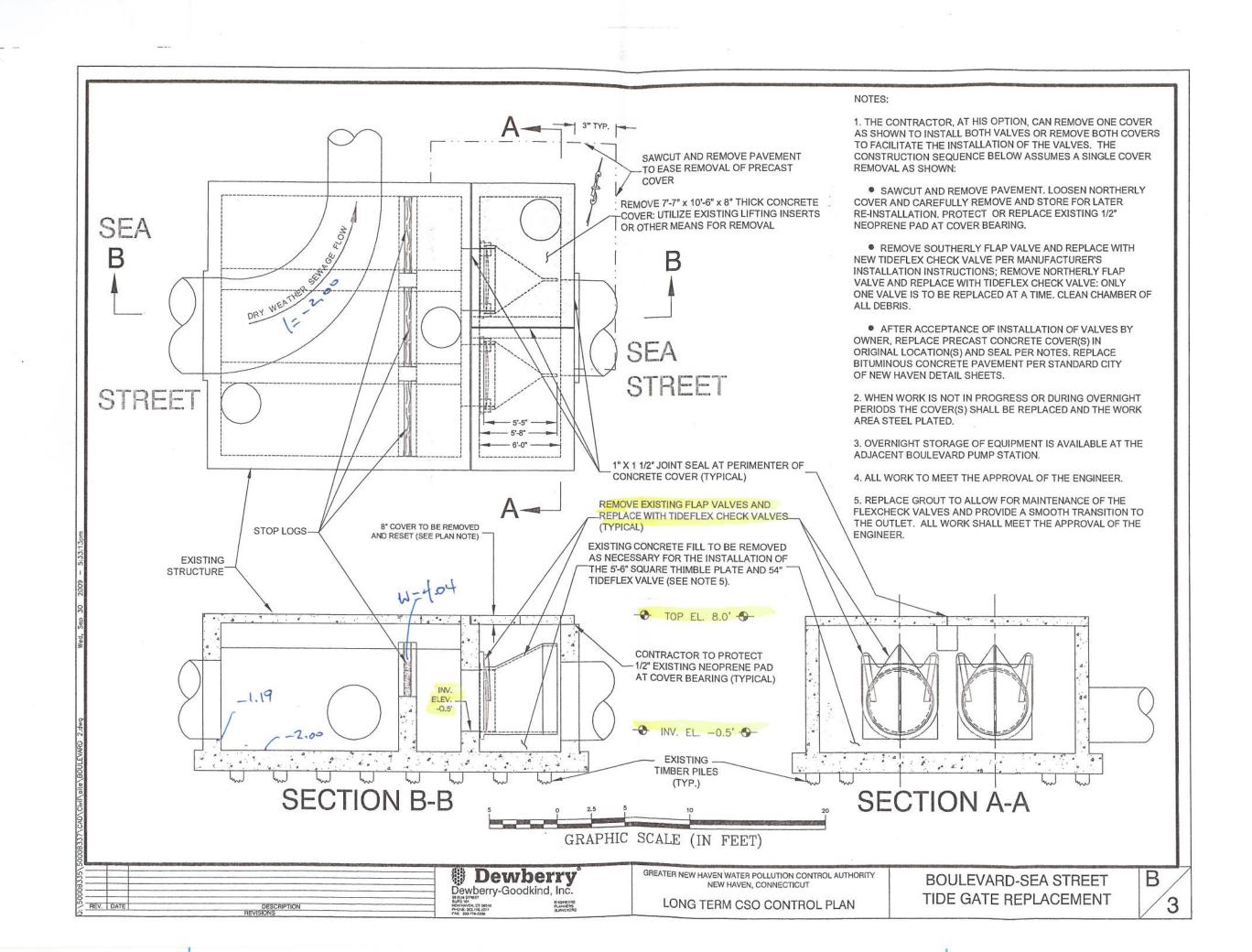
OVERFLOW NO. OB 2/024 SEA ST. (a) SO. WATER ST. NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

DATE: 7 - 17 - 97

JOB NO. 1146

SHT. NO. 16-2





#### **BOULEVARD PUMP STATION**

- The Boulevard pump station and force main were constructed in the mid 1980s to replace the aging Boulevard treatment plant
- The station contains coarse screens and four vertical centrifugal wet pit-dry pit pumps (3 duty and 1 standby)
- The coarse screens are currently being replaced with new single-stage climber type bar screens
- Magnetic flow meters measure flows on each discharge header
- Levels in each of the two wetwells are monitored with ultrasonic meters
- Flow and level data is available via the SCADA system

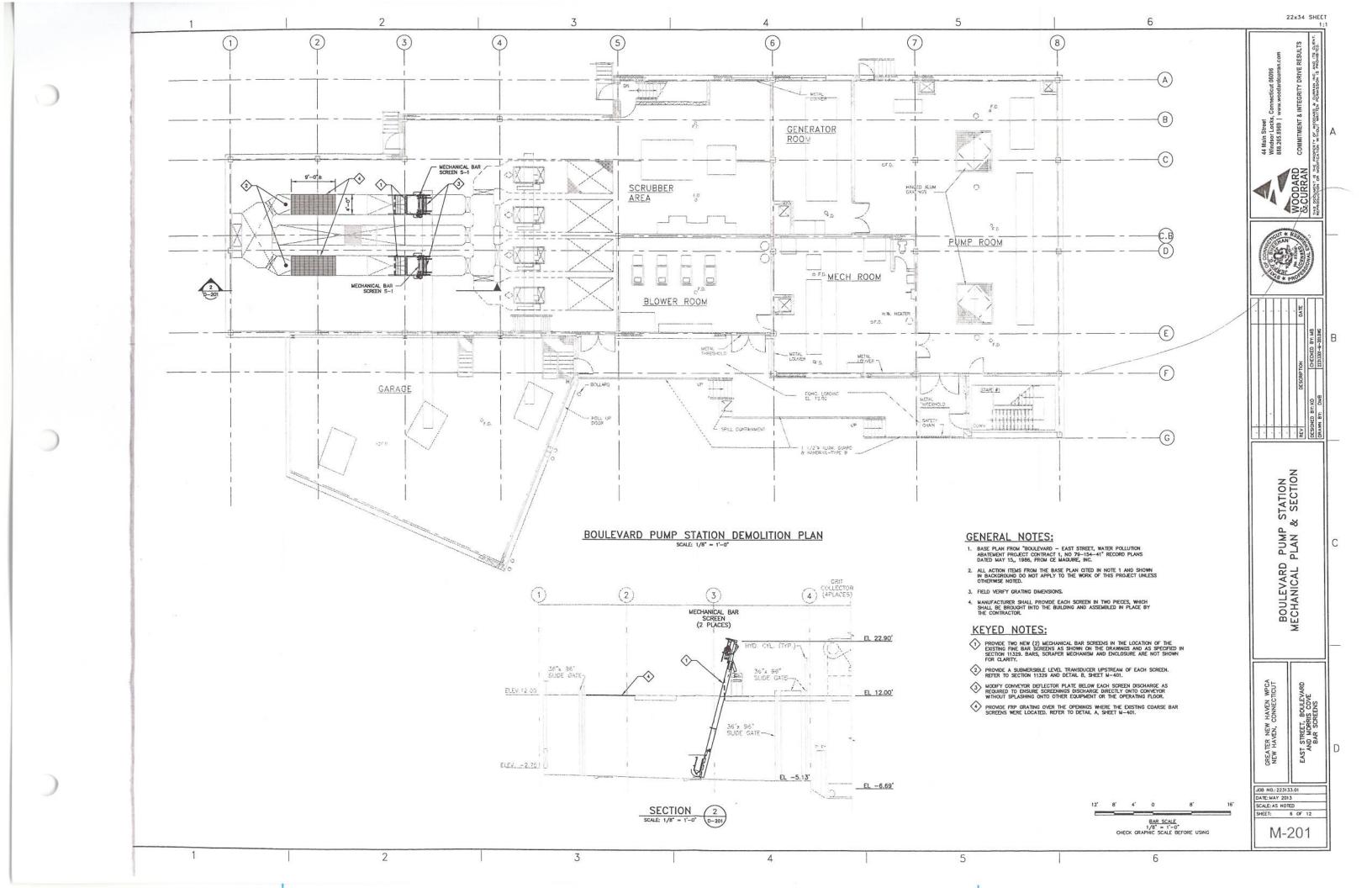
#### **BOULEVARD PUMP STATION FLOW MONITORING DATA**

- On dry weather days the wetwell operates within the operating range in the wetwell and one or two pumps operate
- The existing dry weather flow to the pump station is approximately 10 MGD
- During rain events the wetwell surcharges significantly and all three duty pumps operate
- Peak pumping capacity is approximately 30 MGD

#### LTCP IMPLEMENTATION

- Following improvements to the ESWPAF to expand the peak wet weather capacity from 100 MGD to 187 MGD, a major upgrade to the Boulevard pump station is planned
- The upgrade will include replacing the four existing pumps with four new pumps which will increase the peak wet weather capacity from 30 MGD to 38 MGD





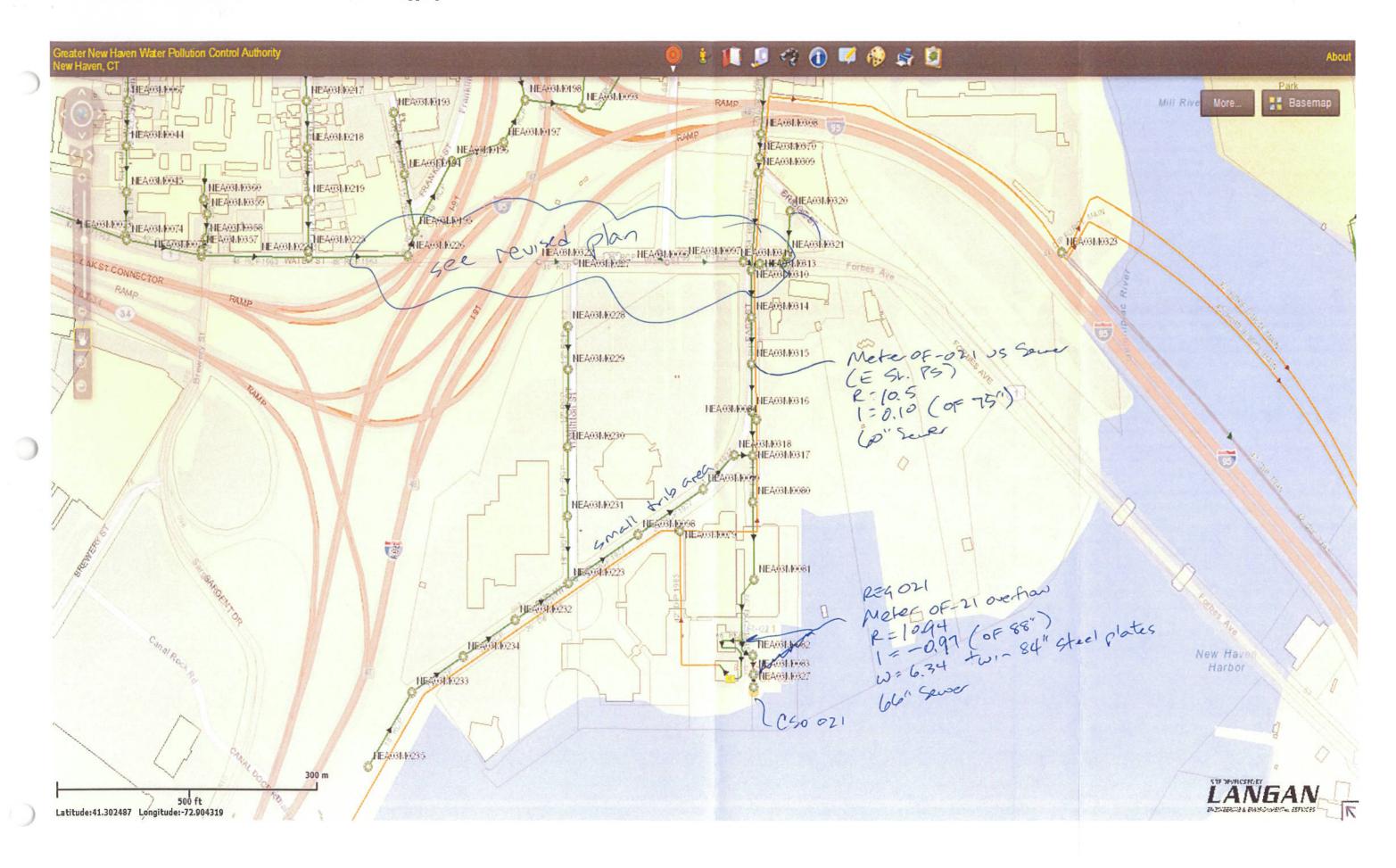
#### **REG 021 AND CSO 021**

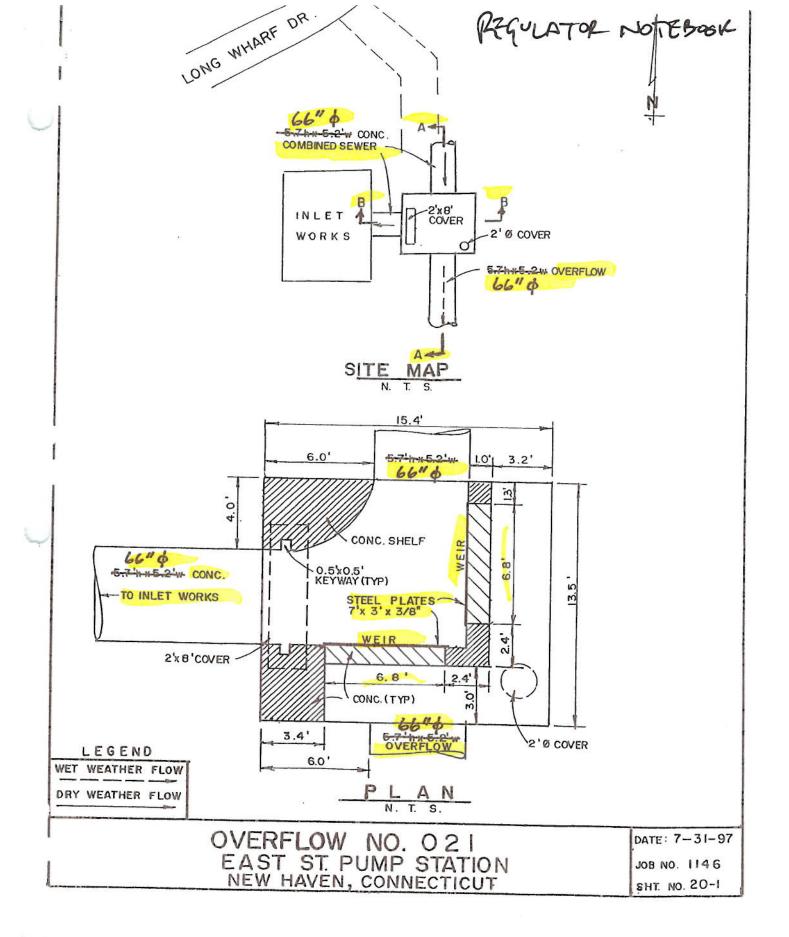
#### METERS REG 021-OF AND OF-021 US SEWER (E ST PS SEWER)

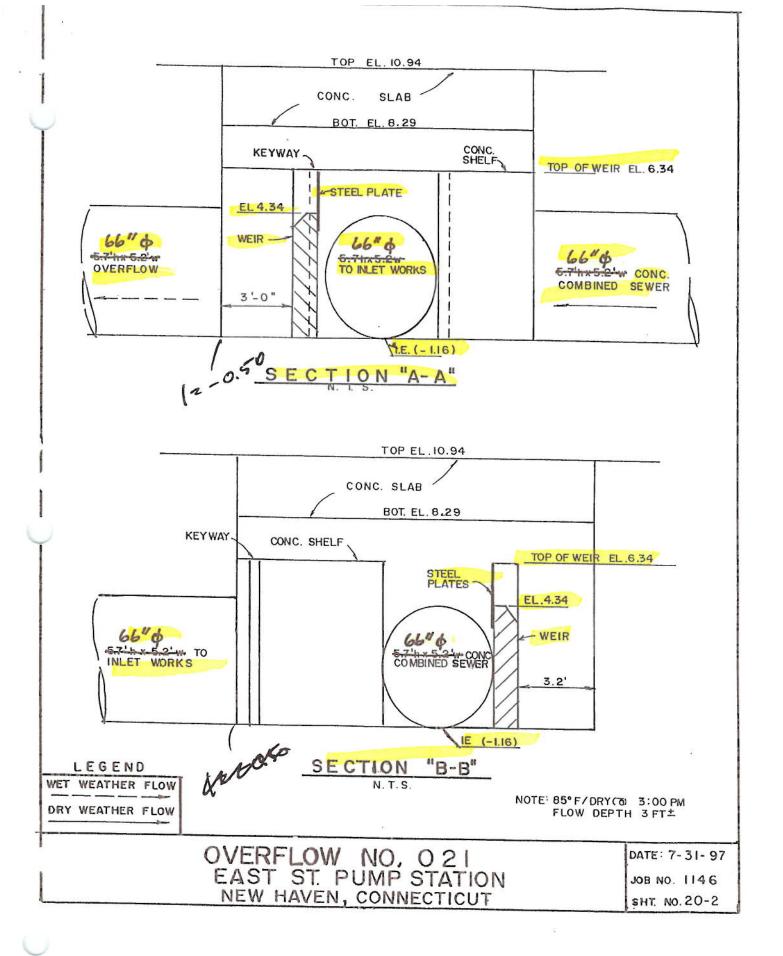
- Meter OF-021 US Sewer (E St PS) was installed in the 62 inch wide by 67 inch high sewer upstream of REG 021 on 9/13/12 at an invert elevation of 0.10 (overflow depth is 75 inches)
- Meter OF-021 was installed in REG 021 on 11/15/12 at an invert elevation of -0.97 (overflow depth is 88 inches)
- The regulator is twin 84 inch wide steel plate weirs at elevation 6.34
- A new duckbill on the overflow pipe in 2013
- CSO start and stop times are based on a depth greater than 88 inches at REG 021
- CSO volumes are calculated based on depth over the twin 84 inch weirs at REG 021 using the weir formula
- CSO 021 discharges to New Haven Harbor

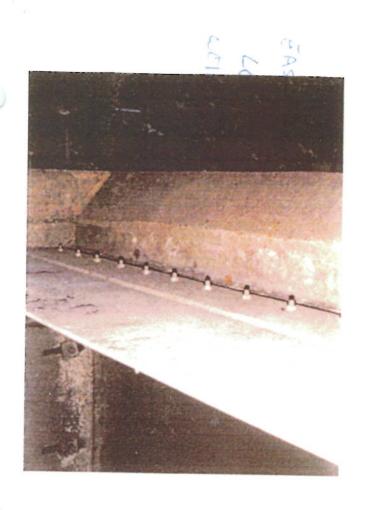
#### **CSO 021 FLOW MONITORING DATA**

- There have been 18 CSO events between September 2012 and September 2013
- The total CSO volume is 18.0 MG
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 021 will activate approximately 20 times
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 021 will discharge approximately 21 MG







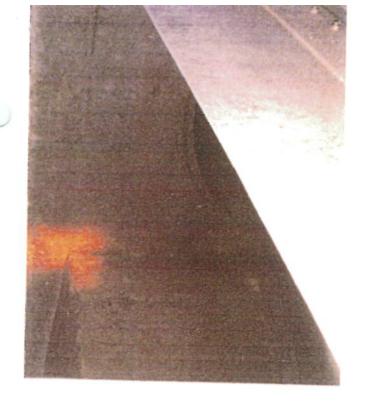


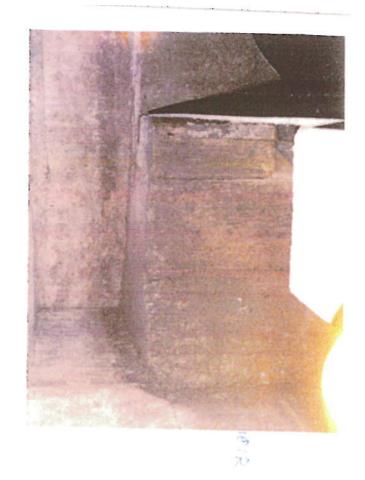






GNH0002-125

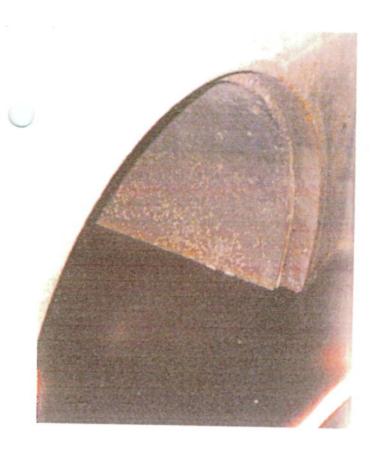


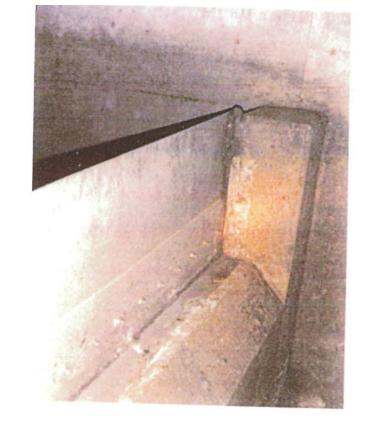






GNH0002-126









EAST ST PLMP STATIONS
LOCKING NORTH PO
LOCKING WORTH PO
LOCKING WORTH

EAST ST PUM? STATICAL
LOCKING S-W (W)
OVERTICON PIRE

621

EAST ST PLAND STATIONS LUUKING SOUTH @ KOYWAY COLKING NORTH B KEYWAY

#### **EAST STREET PUMP STATION**

- The East Street pump station and force main were constructed in the mid 1980s to replace the aging East Street treatment plant
- The station contains coarse screens and four vertical centrifugal wet pit-dry pit pumps (3 duty and 1 standby)
- The coarse screens are currently being replaced with new single-stage climber type bar screens
- Magnetic flow meters measure flows on each discharge header
- Levels in each of the two wetwells are monitored with ultrasonic meters
- Flow and level data is available via the SCADA system

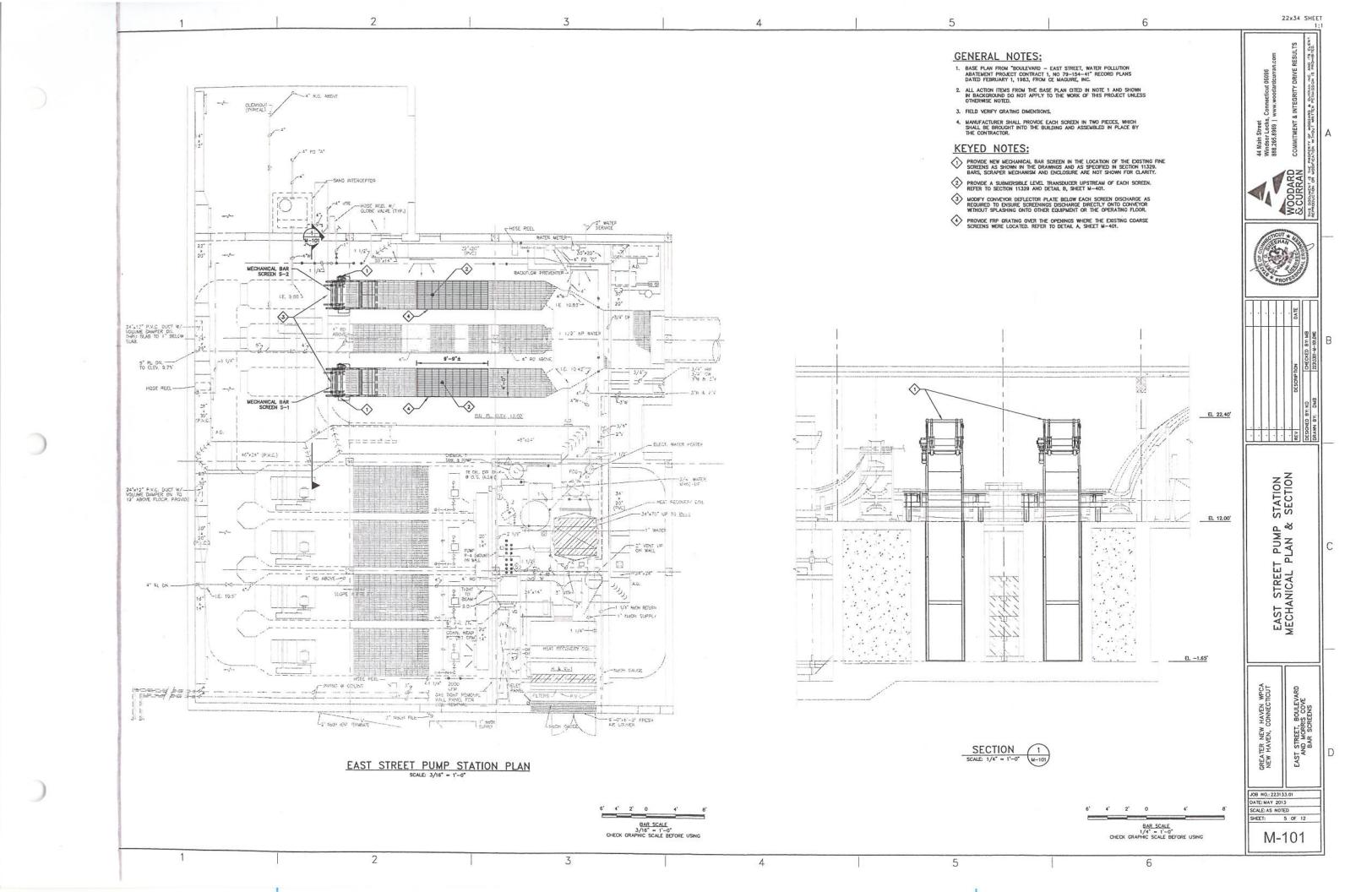
#### EAST STREET PUMP STATION FLOW MONITORING DATA

- On dry weather days the wetwell operates within the operating range in the wetwell and one or two pumps operate
- The existing dry weather flow to the pump station is approximately 10 MGD
- During rain events the wetwell surcharges significantly and all three duty pumps operate
- Peak pumping capacity is approximately 34 MGD

#### LTCP IMPLEMENTATION

- Following improvements to the ESWPAF to expand the peak wet weather capacity from 100 MGD to 187 MGD, a major upgrade to the East Street pump station is planned
- The upgrade will include replacing the four existing pumps with four new pumps which will increase the peak wet weather capacity from 34 MGD to 52 MGD



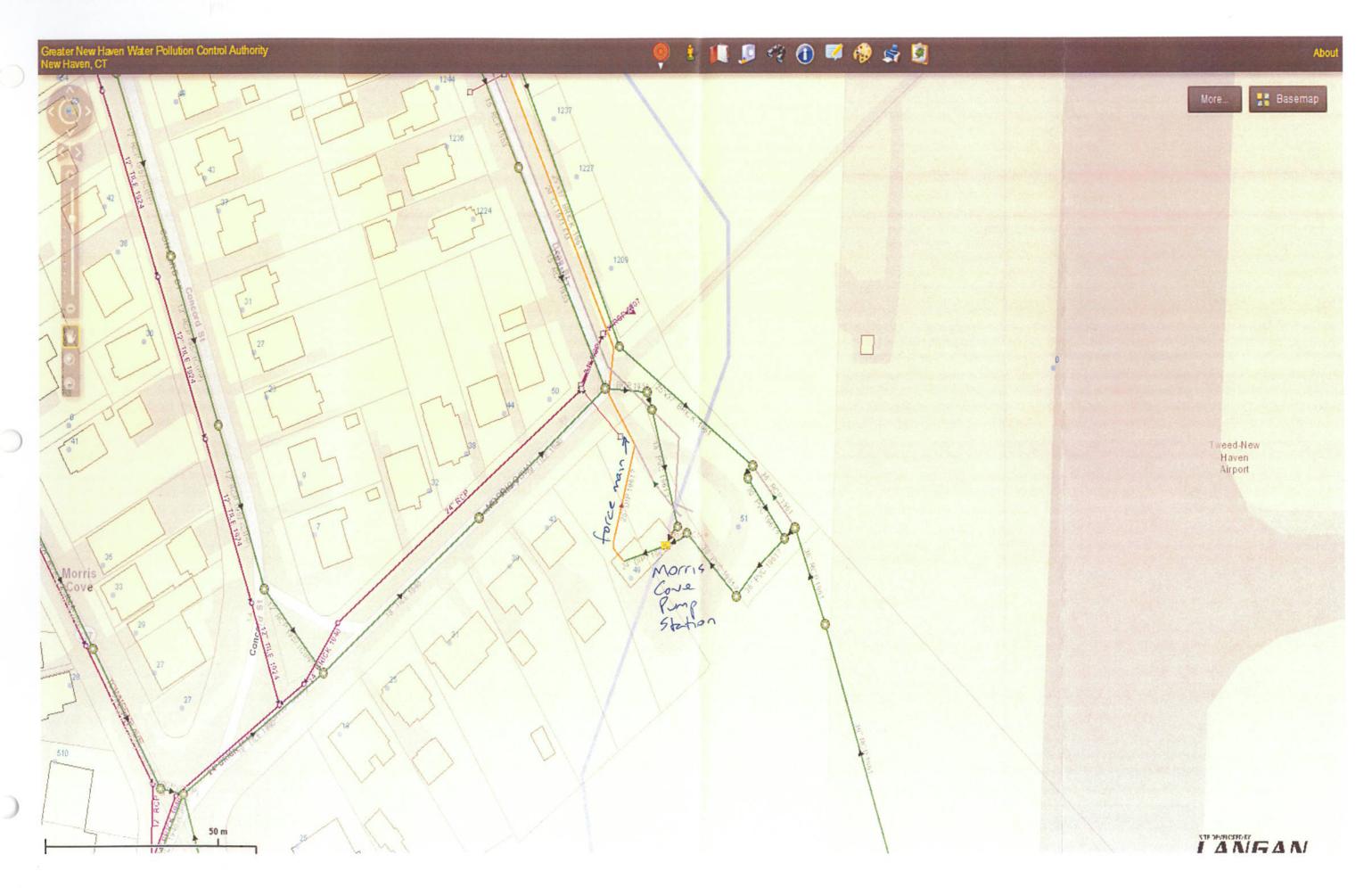


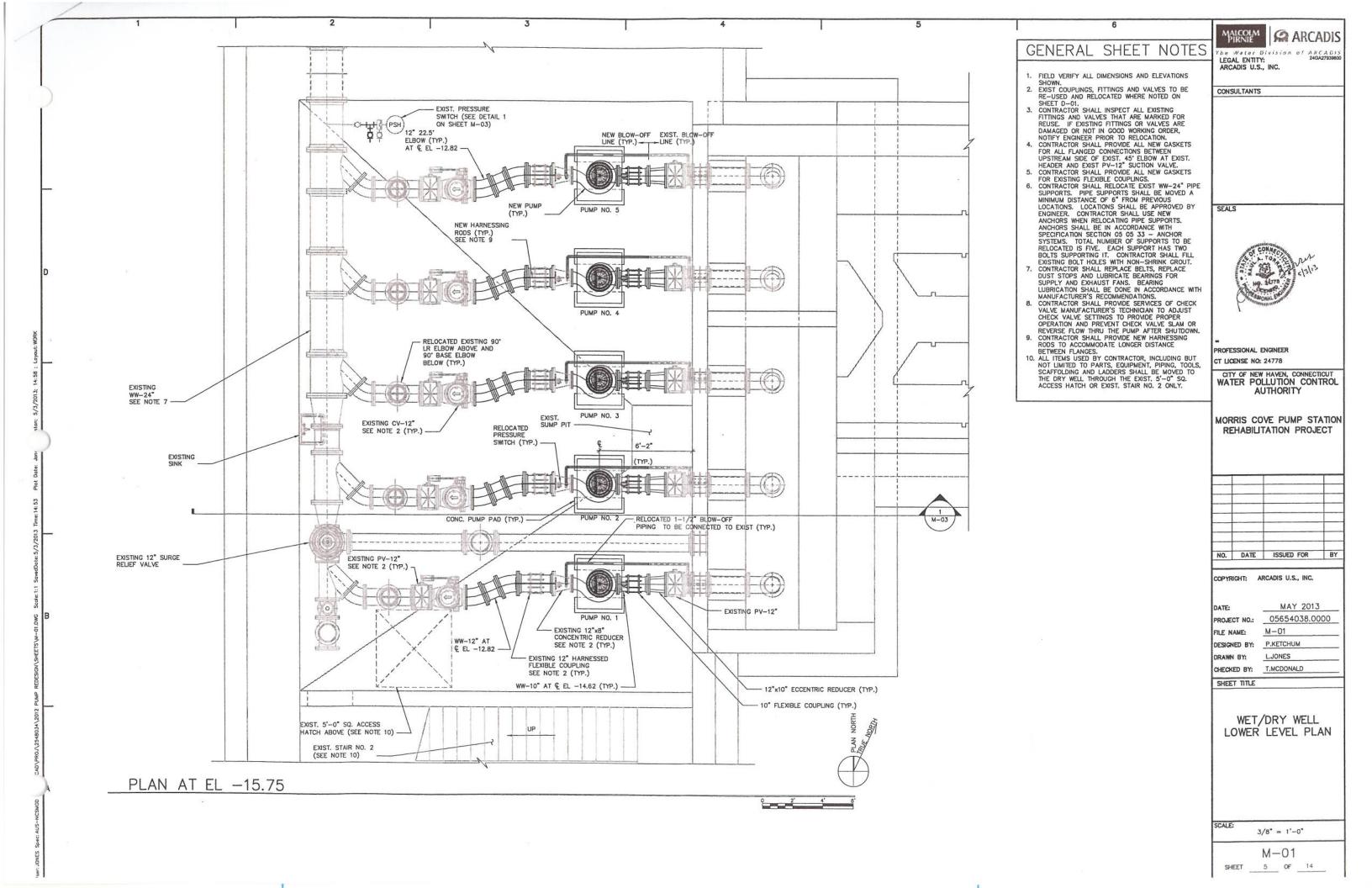
#### MORRIS COVE PUMP STATION

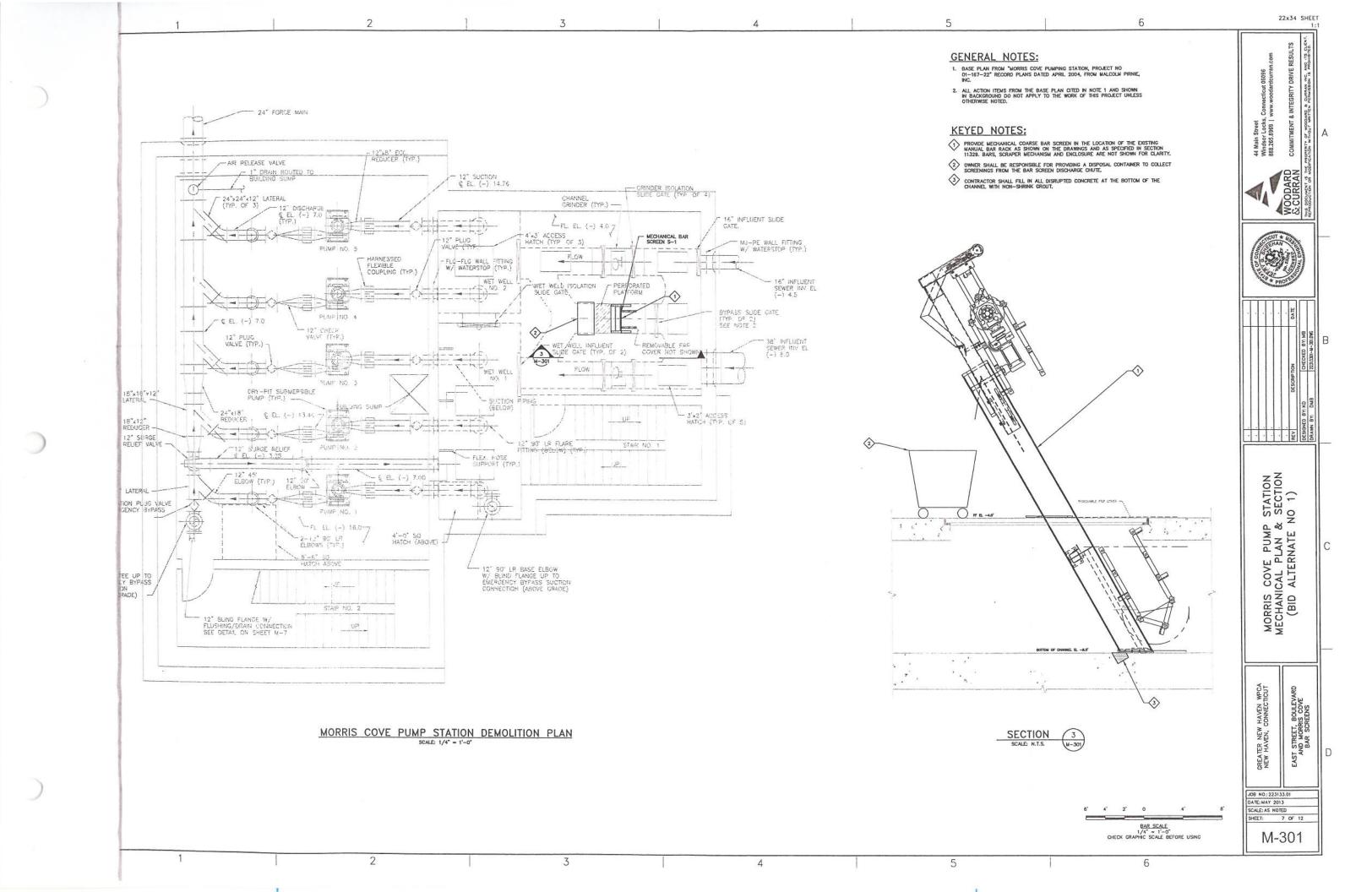
- The Morris Cove pump station underwent a major upgrade in 2013 including replacement of the five pumps
- The station contains influent channel grinders and five dry pit submersible pumps (4 duty and 1 standby)
- A new single-stage climber type bar screen is currently being installed
- Magnetic flow meters measure flows on the force main
- Levels in the wetwell is monitored with an ultrasonic meter
- Flow and level data is available via the SCADA system

#### MORRIS COVE PUMP STATION FLOW MONITORING DATA

- On dry weather days the wetwell operates within the operating range in the wetwell and one or two pumps operate
- The existing dry weather flow to the pump station is approximately 3 MGD
- During rain events all four duty pumps operate
- Peak pumping capacity is approximately 18 MGD







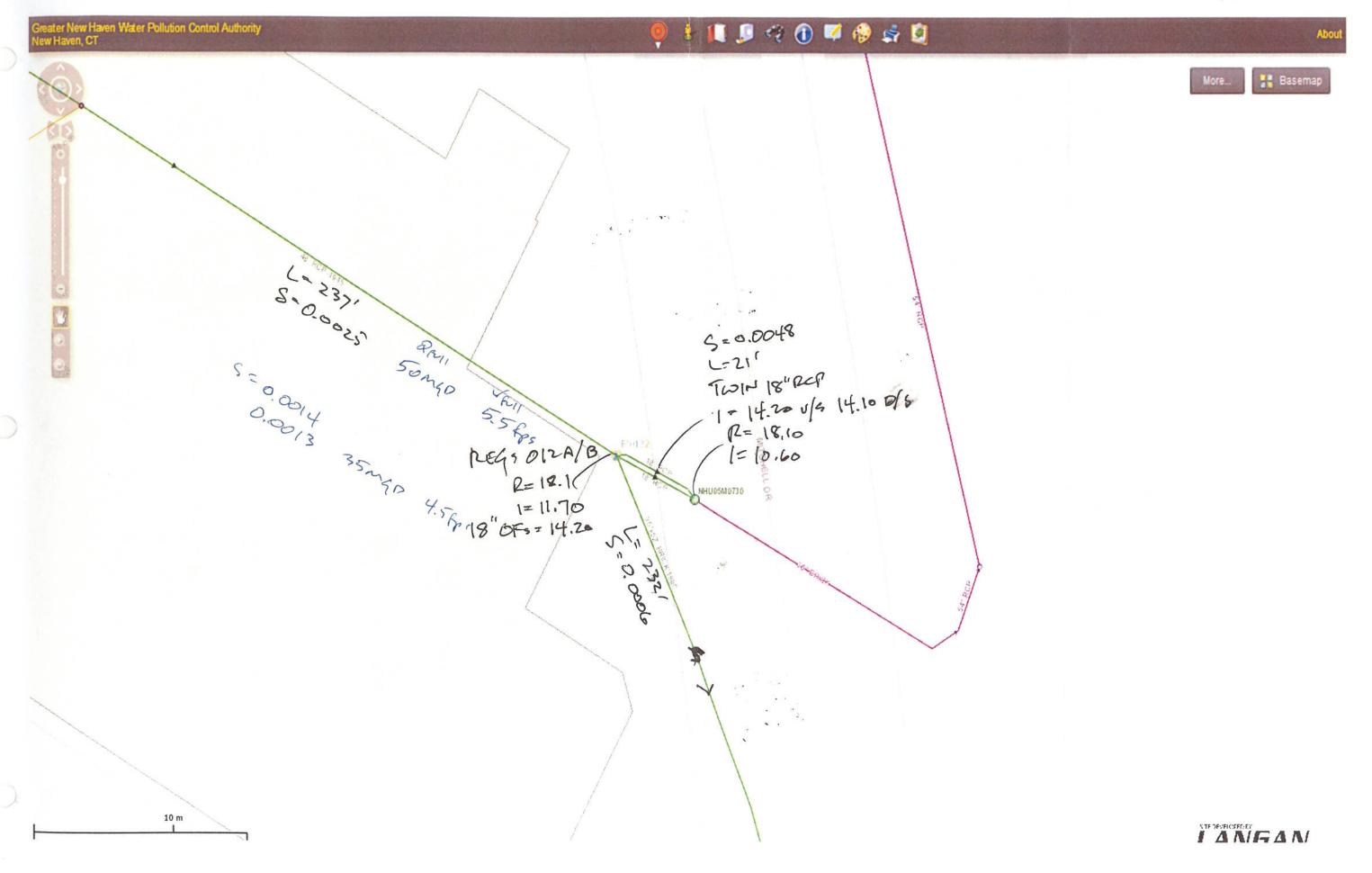
#### **REG 012 AND CSO 012**

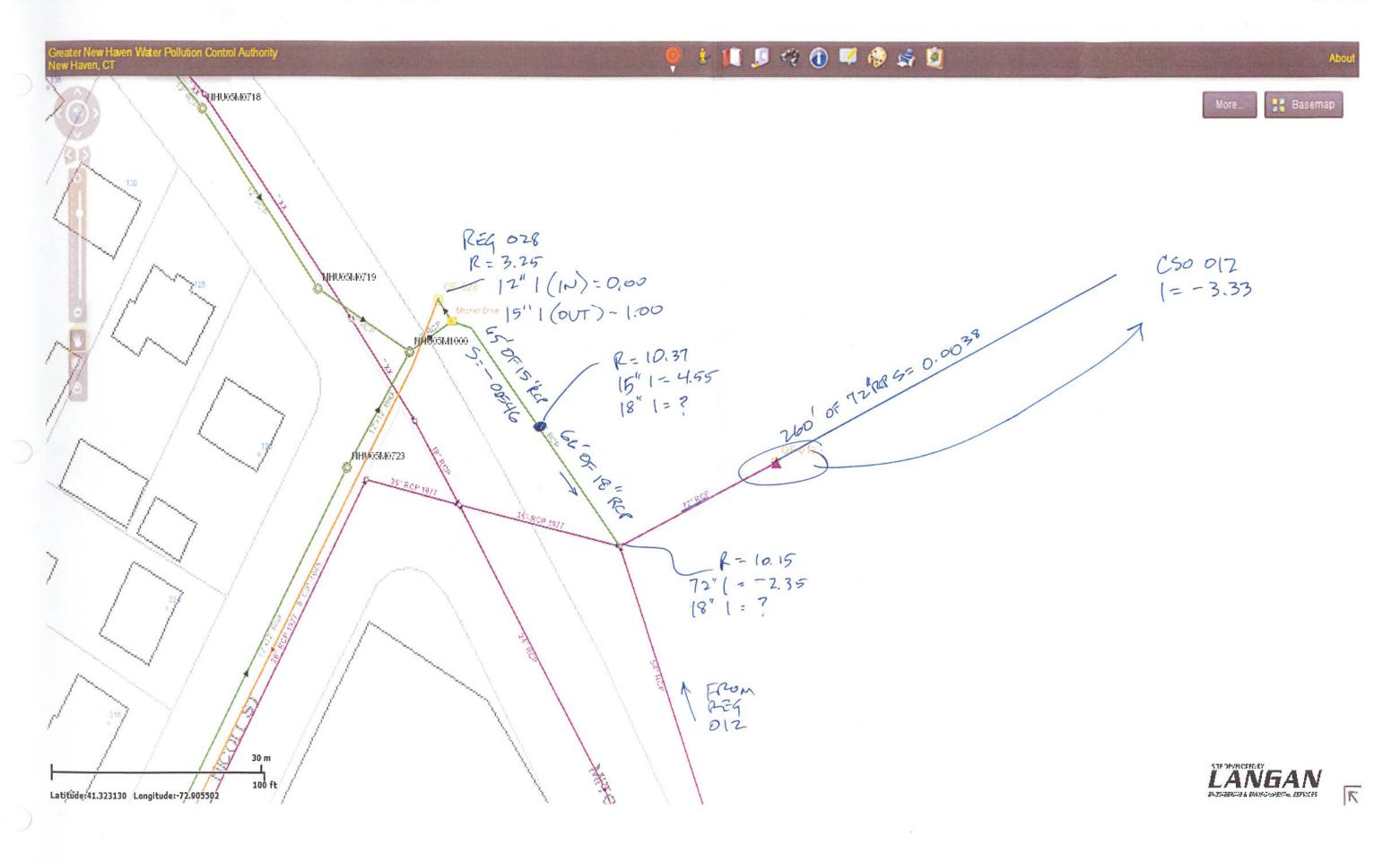
#### METERS 0F-012 OVERFLOW A AND B

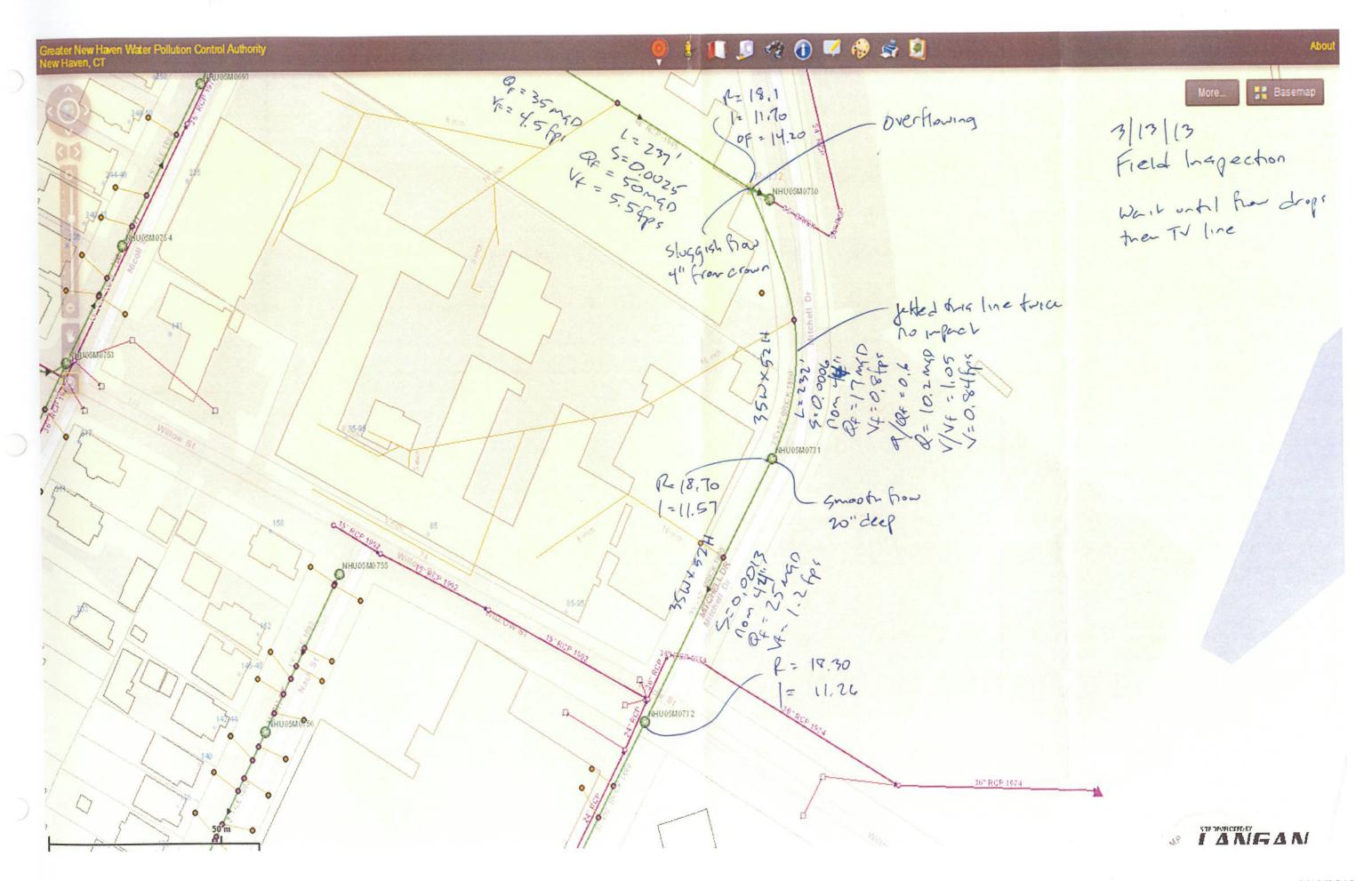
- Meters OF-012 Overflows A and B were installed in the twin 18 inch overflow pipes on 10/15/12 at an invert elevation of 14.20 (overflow depth in the 48 inch sewer is only 36 inches)
- The 36 inch by 55 inch sewer downstream of REG 012 is a hydraulic bottleneck
- Spring flows from the Mill River Trunk Sewer in Hamden contain significant amounts of I/i
- CSO start and stop times are based on positive velocities at Meters OF-012 Overflows A and B
- CSO volumes are calculated based on depths and velocities at Meters OF-012 Overflows A and B, the hydraulic elements chart and the Continuity Equation
- New 6 inch high weirs were installed in each 18 inch overflow pipes on 5/3/13 to reduce the frequency of CSOs
- CSO 012 discharges to the Mill River

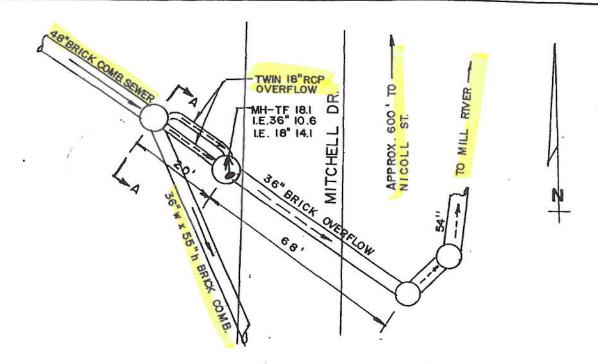
#### **CSO 012 FLOW MONITORING DATA**

- There have been 31 CSO events between October 2012 and September 2013
- The total CSO volume is 10.6 MG
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 012 will activate approximately 27 times
- In a typical year it is estimated that CSO 012 will discharge approximately 9 MG
- Overflow frequency and volume has been reduced since the weirs were raised in May 2013



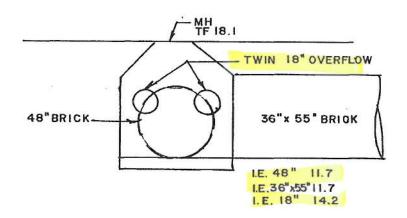






NOTE: 80°F/DRY @ II:00 AM FLOW DEPTH 2.2 FT IN 48"

PLAN N. T. S.



SECTION A-A

LEGEND WET WEATHER FLOW



